

CODE OF CONDUCT

LAWFINANCE LIMITED
(ACN 088 749 008)

31 December 2018

1 PURPOSE OF THE CODE AND ITS GUIDING PRINCIPLES

The success of LawFinance Limited (**Company**) and its related companies (**Group**) relies on the confidence that clients and the community have in the way we conduct our business. Integrity, confidentiality and acting ethically and responsibly are our key principles. We recognise that while all our actions must be lawful, mere lawfulness may not be an adequate test of integrity. The highest standards of professionalism must at all times guide the actions of all involved with the Group, from staff, contractors and our Board of Directors.

This code of conduct, therefore, outlines how the Company expects each person who represents the Group to behave and conduct business.

The objectives of this code are to:

- provide a benchmark for professional behaviour;
- support the Group's business reputation and corporate image within the community; and
- identify the actions that should be taken where a breach occurs.

We regularly monitor and test our policies under this code so that our commitments remain relevant, effective and consistent with our stakeholders' expectations.

2 WHO THE CODE APPLIES TO

This code applies to all Directors, officers, executives and employees, consultants, contractors and associates of the Group in their dealings with customers, suppliers, regulators, shareholders and other stakeholders.

The overriding principle is that all business affairs of the Group must be conducted legally, ethically, safely and with strict observance of the highest standards of propriety and business ethics.

This code is not an attempt to instruct individuals on how to conduct themselves outside their working relationships, nor to change their personal beliefs. While this code is designed to demonstrate the Company's commitment to corporate responsibility, it does not create any rights in any employee, customer or other person or entity.

3 HOW THE CODE INTERACTS WITH OTHER COMPANY POLICIES

This code should be read in conjunction with all relevant Company policies, which include (but are not limited to) our policies that deal with diversity, continuous disclosure and security trading in the Company's shares.

Copies of these policies are available on the Company's website.

4 WHAT TO DO IF YOU SUSPECT THE CODE HAS BEEN BREACHED

4.1 Reporting channels

You are encouraged to report to your senior officer/manager any genuine behaviour or situation which you consider breaches or potentially breaches this code, the Company's policies or the law. If you know of, or have good reason to suspect, an

unlawful or unethical situation or consider that you are a victim of unacceptable behaviour, immediately report the matter through your senior officer/ manager.

All issues can also be raised with higher management as required (who will assess the appropriate action to be taken in the circumstances). The Company does not and will not tolerate any disadvantage or discrimination against anyone for raising concerns or reporting issues.

4.2 Whistle-blower protection

Wherever possible, your calls, notes, emails and other communications will be dealt with confidentially. You have the Company's commitment that, whenever possible, your privacy will be protected where you make a report under the Code of Conduct.

It is a breach of the Code of Conduct for any employee to cause disadvantage to or discriminate against an employee who makes a report under the Code of Conduct ('whistle-blower'). Examples of disadvantage and discrimination include:

- reprisals, harassment or victimisation;
- demotion or dismissal or loss of opportunity for promotion; and
- current or future bias.

The protection that the Company will make available to protect whistle-blowers will vary depending on the circumstances, but may include:

- ensuring confidentiality in the investigation and protecting the whistle-blower's identity;
- monitoring and managing the behaviour of other employees;
- offering a leave of absence while a matter is investigated;
- relocating employees (which may, but will not necessarily, include the whistle-blower) to a different working group or department; and
- rectifying any detriment a whistle-blower has suffered.

4.3 Investigations

Preliminary investigations of reported breaches are administered by the CEO and the Board.

5 CONSEQUENCES OF BREACHING THE CODE

The Company recognises that breaches of this code may occur from time to time. We expect that any breach will be inadvertent and without intent. However, it should be clearly understood that any breach may result in disciplinary action or other penalties including, in extreme circumstances, dismissal or termination of the contract or engagement.

Depending on the nature of the breach, penalties may be imposed ranging from counselling to dismissal or termination of the contract or engagement (in extreme circumstances). The Company will act objectively and in accordance with any applicable provisions or requirements in an employment contract.

The Company reserves the right to inform the appropriate authorities where it is considered that there has been criminal activity or an apparent breach of the law.

6 WHO TO SPEAK TO IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS

This code does not include:

- every ethical issue that an employee might face; or
- every law and policy that applies to the Group.

In representing the Group you are expected to act in a manner consistent with the key values underpinning this code, namely:

- our actions must be governed by the highest standards of integrity and fairness;
- our decisions must be made in accordance with the spirit and letter of the applicable law; and
- our business must be conducted honestly and ethically, with our best skills and judgment, and for the benefit of customers, employees, shareholders and the Company alike.

If you have any questions regarding the Code of Conduct or any of the Company's policies at any time, you should feel free to contact your manager.

7 COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

You should be aware of, and comply with, your duties and obligations under all laws and regulations relating to your work.

We encourage you to:

- actively understand the laws which affect or relate to the Group's operations.
- attend seminars presented by the Group or other external service providers to maintain your knowledge of the laws and regulations, as well as to increase your awareness of relevant legal and industry developments; and
- interpret the law in a way which reinforces the Company's reputation for integrity.

If you have a question as to whether particular laws apply or how they should be interpreted, please contact your manager.

8 FAIR TRADING AND DEALING

The Company aspires for all its employees to maintain the highest standard of ethical behaviour in conducting business and to behave with integrity in dealings with customers, shareholders, government, employees, suppliers and the community.

When dealing with others, you must:

- perform your duties in a professional manner;
- act with the utmost integrity and objectivity; and
- strive at all times to enhance the Company's reputation and performance.

9 CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Each individual is expected to avoid placing themselves in a position where their private interests conflict directly or indirectly with their obligations to the Company. A conflict of interest can arise where there is a personal, family or associated commercial interest which may interfere, or appear to interfere with the interests of the Company

as a whole and influence the individual in the effective and objective performance of their duties and responsibilities because of divided loyalties.

Examples include:

- being involved in or having a significant ownership or personal financial interest in other enterprises where a conflict may arise with the member of staff's obligations to the Company;
- participating in activities or discussions where there may be a conflict with their duties and responsibilities to the Company;
- soliciting or receiving benefits such as cash, gifts or entertainment in connection with, or as a reward for, any service or business of the Company, where the benefits, because of the frequency of the offers, the cost and circumstances and timing in which they are offered, creates, or could be interpreted as creating, an obligation that affects the individual's objectivity in making a business decision;
- taking advantage of property, information or other opportunities arising from your position in the Company;
- conflicts of interest arising from a family, business or personal relationship; or
- conflicts arising from activities outside employment (such as involvement in community activities and professional organisations).

Any conflict of interest or potential conflict of interest should be reported to the individual's manager, and in the case of Directors or the CEO, or COO in the event that a CEO has not been appointed, to the Board.

10 IMPROPER USE OR THEFT OF COMPANY PROPERTY, ASSETS AND EMAIL

The Company has extensive assets and information of great value. Protecting these assets is critical to the interests of the Company.

Employees must not disclose or use in any manner confidential information about the Company, its customers or its affairs, that they acquire during employment with the Company, unless the information is already legitimately public knowledge. This obligation continues to apply to employees after they leave the Company.

Confidentiality obligations are normally specified in employment contracts.

Definition

"Confidential information" in this context means any information in respect of the Company's business that is not available to the public and includes documents, books, accounts, processes or other 'know how' that is:

- supplied to the employee by the Company; or
- generated by an employee in the course of performing his or her work with the Company.

Examples

Examples of confidential information are:

- trade secrets;
- price lists/cost sheets;
- lists of customers;
- employee (personal) details;

- details of marketing programs;
- technical and systems information (including algorithms);
- information about suppliers;
- computer systems; and
- business strategies.

Trade secrets and intellectual property

All inventions, discoveries, computer software processes algorithms and improvements made by an employee during his or her employment with the Company, remain the property of the Company.

This means the Company will hold all proprietary rights to intellectual property and trade secrets. This includes all ownership rights, copyright, exclusive rights to develop, make, use, sell, licence or benefit from any inventions, discoveries, processes and improvements made during an individual's employment with the Company.

Control of information

At a minimum, employees must:

- return all Company property including any documents or confidential information, on resignation or termination or on the request of the Company or its representative; and
- if requested by the Company or its representative, destroy or delete any confidential information stored in electronic, magnetic or optical form so that it cannot be retrieved or reconstructed.

You are responsible for protecting any Company property and assets that are under your control and you should safeguard them from loss, theft and unauthorised use.

Company property and assets include cash, securities, business plans, third party information, intellectual property (including computer programs, software, models and other items), confidential information, office equipment and supplies.

You must not:

- use Company assets for any unlawful purpose or unauthorised personal benefit;
- remove Company property and documents from official premises without a good and proper reason. If required to be removed, they should be stored in a secure manner and be covered by appropriate insurances; and
- make improper disclosure, including inadvertent or careless disclosure, of competitive business strategies and plans, special methods of operation and other information that is of competitive value to the Company. If you are unsure whether information is of a confidential nature, seek advice from your manager before disclosure.

As set out in the Company's policies, you are encouraged to use common sense and observe standards of good taste regarding content and language when creating documents that may be retained by the Company or a third party. The Company's electronic communications systems should not be used to access or post material that violates Company policies or any laws or regulations. Personal non-business use of the Company's electronic communications systems must also be consistent with the Company's policies.

11 PRIVACY

Individuals must respect and maintain the privacy of personal information held by the Company regarding its clients, customers, employees and others. This extends to any information or opinion, whether true or not, and whether recorded in a human readable form or not, about an individual whose identity is apparent, or can reasonably be ascertained, from that information or opinion.

The Company respects your privacy and the privacy of others. You should familiarise yourself with, and comply with:

- the privacy laws of Australia and, where applicable, the jurisdiction of your business unit; and
- the Company's privacy policies which detail the appropriate use of personal information.

If you have any questions in relation to privacy, please contact your manager.

12 PUBLIC COMMUNICATIONS AND DISCLOSURES

You are responsible for the integrity of the information, reports and records under your control and you are expected to exercise the highest standard of care in preparing materials for public communications.

Those documents and materials should:

- comply with any applicable legal requirements;
- fairly and accurately reflect the transactions or occurrences to which they relate;
- not contain any false or intentionally misleading information, nor intentionally misclassify information; and
- be in reasonable detail and recorded in the proper account and in the proper accounting period.

Media statements and official announcements may only be made by persons authorised to do so. If you receive a request for information and you are not authorised to respond to the enquiry, refer the request to the appropriate person.

The Company has adopted the disclosure policy as a means of ensuring compliance with its disclosure and communication obligations under the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules. The aim of the disclosure policy is to keep the market fully informed of information that may have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities, and to correct any material mistake or misinformation in the market.

Please ensure that you are aware of the requirements of the disclosure policy and, if it applies to you, you must act in accordance with the policy.

13 EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES

13.1 Equal opportunity and anti-discrimination

The Company is committed to:

- equal employment opportunity;

- compliance with the letter and spirit of a full range of fair employment practices and anti-discrimination laws; and
- a workplace free from any kind of discrimination, harassment or intimidation of employees.

The Company will promptly investigate all allegations of harassment, bullying, victimisation or discrimination and will take appropriate corrective action. Retaliation against individuals for raising claims of harassment or discrimination will not be tolerated.

13.2 Occupational health and safety

The Company is committed to maintaining a healthy and safe working environment for its employees. All appropriate laws and internal regulations (including occupational health and safety laws) should be fully complied with. All people have obligations to assist in maintaining this situation.

Misusing controlled substances or alcohol or selling, manufacturing, distributing, possessing, using or being under the influence of illegal drugs on the job will not be tolerated.

You should familiarise yourself with the Company's occupational health and safety policies and all relevant procedures to provide a workplace that is safe and without risk to the health of others and yourself. You should follow any lawful and reasonable instructions consistent with that policy and those procedures.

13.3 Company reputation

Employees must not act in any way that could cause harm to the Company's reputation or market position during or after their employment. Employees have a duty to act in a manner that merits the continued trust and confidence of the public.

13.4 Securities trading

The Company is committed to upholding fair and ethical securities trading practices complying with all laws and avoid any conflicts of interest. Employees must familiarise themselves with the Company's securities trading policy.

13.5 Bribes, inducements and commissions

You must not pay or receive any bribes, facilitation payments, inducements or commissions (this includes any item intended to improperly obtain favourable treatment or avoid unfavourable circumstances).

You must not give or receive any unreasonable gifts or otherwise act in an unethical way. Any small gifts should be declared and a register kept.

14 COMMUNITY & ENVIRONMENT

The Company is a responsible corporate citizen and actively supports the communities in which we live and work. Each employee is expected to uphold the Company's commitment to pursue good corporate citizenship while engaging in its corporate activity.

You must abide by all local laws and regulations, and are expected to respect and care for the environment in which the Company operates.

The Company supports and encourages you to actively contribute to the needs of the community.

The company is committed to doing business in an environmentally responsible manner and to identifying environmental risks that may arise out of its operations.